Antonio García Martínez,* Enrique Teso Vilar, Amelia García Fraile, Santiago de la Moya Cerero* and Beatriz Lora Maroto

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1959

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: natural (+)-(1*R*)-camphor Absolute configuration: (1*S*,2*R*)

Мe

C₁₄H₂₇NO 10-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]-2-methylisoborneol

Antonio García Martínez,* Enrique Teso Vilar, Amelia García Fraile, Santiago de la Moya Cerero* and Beatriz Lora Maroto	Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1959
Santiago de la Moya Celero and Beatriz Lora Maroto $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \end{bmatrix}_{D}^{2}$ Sou Abs	P = -13 (c 1.2, CHCl ₃) rec of chirality: natural (+)-(1 <i>R</i>)-camphor plute configuration: (1 <i>S</i> ,2 <i>R</i>)
Me $C_{15}H_{29}NO$ 10-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]-2-ethylisoborneol	

Antonio García Martínez,* Enrique Teso Vilar, Amelia García Fraile,	Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1959
Santiago de la Moya Cerero* and Beatriz Lora Maroto	
$[lpha]_{ m D}^{20}$	$=-14 (c 2.6, CHCl_3)$

Me Мe

 $C_{16}H_{31}NO$ 10-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]-2-isopropylisoborneol

Antonio García Martínez,* Enrique Teso Vilar, Amelia García Fraile, Santiago de la Moya Cerero* and Beatriz Lora Maroto

> $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -19$ (*c* 1.3, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: natural (+)-(1*R*)-camphor Absolute configuration: (1*S*,2*S*)

> Source of chirality: natural (+)-(1R)-camphor

Absolute configuration: (1S,2S)

HC Ν Мe

C₁₇H₃₃NO 2-tert-Butyl 10-[(dimethylamino)methyl]isoborneol

Antonio García Martínez,* Enrique Teso Vilar, Amelia García Fraile, Santiago de la Moya Cerero* and Beatriz Lora Maroto

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1959

 $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{20} = +7 \ (c \ 0.8, \ {\rm CHCl}_3)$ Source of chirality: natural (+)-(1R)-camphor Absolute configuration: (1S,2R)

Me Мe

C13H25NO 10-[(Dimethylamino)methyl]isoborneol

Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +10.5 (c 1.1, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2R,3R,4R,6S

C28H31NO3 (2R,3R,4R,6S)-3,4-Di(benzyloxy)-2-benzyloxymethyl-1-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane

Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +18.0 (c 1.0, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2S,4R,5R,6R

C34H37NO3S 4,5,7-Tri-O-benzyl-2,3,6-trideoxy-2,6-imino-1-S-phenyl-1-thio-D-manno-heptitol

Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969

Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano

SPh

 $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{20}$ +22.5 (c 0.6, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2S,4R,5R,6R

 $C_{32}H_{40}N_2O_4$ 4,5,7-Tri-O-benzyl-1,2,3,6-tetradeoxy-2,6-imino-1-morpholino-D-manno-heptitol



4,5,7-Tri-O-benzyl-1,2,3,6-tetradeoxy-1-diallylamino-2,6-imino-D-manno-heptitol

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969 Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +19.5 (c 0.9, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2S,4R,5R,6R C32H39NO5 4,5,7-Tri-O-benzyl-1-O-butanoyl-2,3,6-trideoxy-2,6-imino-D-manno-heptitol Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969 Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +25.5 (c 0.5, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2S,4R,5R,6R BnC C35H37NO5 1-O-Benzoyl-4,5,7-tri-O-benzyl-2,3,6-trideoxy-2,6-imino-D-manno-heptitol Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969 Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{20}$ +20.5 (c 1.2, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: tri-O-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2S,4R,5R,6R IHCbz

 $C_{38}H_{42}N_2O_7 \\ 4,5,7-Tri-{\it O}-benzyl-1-{\it O}-(benzyloxycarbonylaminoacetyl)-2,3,6-trideoxy-2,6-imino-D-manno-heptitol$



 $C_{29}H_{35}NO_3$ (2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,6*R*)-3,4-Di(benzyloxy)-2-benzyloxymethyl-6-ethylpiperidine

Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +42.5 (c 0.4, H₂O) Source of chirality: tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,6*R*

Absolute configuration: 2R,3R,4R,6R

 $C_8H_{17}NO_3$ (2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,6*R*)-2-Hydroxymethyl-6-ethylpiperidine-3,4-diol- (α -1-*C*-ethyl-fagomine)

Jean-Yves Goujon, David Gueyrard, Philippe Compain,* Olivier R. Martin* and Naoki Asano Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1969

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +57.7 (*c* 0.4, H₂O) Source of chirality: tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glucal and stereoselective electrophile-induced cyclization Absolute configuration: 2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,6*S*

C₇H₁₃NO₃ (2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,6*S*)-2-Hydroxymethyl-1-azabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3,4-diol







Victor P. Krasnov,* Galina L. Levit, Iraida M. Bukrina, Irina N. Andreeva, Liliya Sh. Sadretdinova, Marina A. Korolyova, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valery N. Charushin and Oleg N. Chupakhin Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1985

D.e. = 99.2% (by HPLC) $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ -330 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: resolution Absolute configuration: (2*S*,3'*R*)

 CH_3 $C_{21}H_{24}N_2O_4S$ N-[N'-Tosyl-(2S)-prolyl]-(3R)-2,3-dihydro-3-methyl-4H-1,4-benzoxazine

Victor P. Krasnov,* Galina L. Levit, Iraida M. Bukrina, Irina N. Andreeva, Liliya Sh. Sadretdinova, Marina A. Korolyova, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valery N. Charushin and Oleg N. Chupakhin



D.e. = 99.0% (by HPLC) $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ -372 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: resolution Absolute configuration: (2*S*,2'*R*)

C₂₂H₂₆N₂O₃S *N*-[*N*'-Tosyl-(2*S*)-prolyl]-(2*R*)-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

Victor P. Krasnov,* Galina L. Levit, Iraida M. Bukrina,

Irina N. Andreeva, Liliya Sh. Sadretdinova, Marina A. Korolyova, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valery N. Charushin and Oleg N. Chupakhin

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1985

CH₃ C21H24N2O3S

 $C_{21}H_{24}N_2O_3S$ N-[N'-Tosyl-(2S)-prolyl]-(2R)-2-methylindoline D.e. = 98.8% (by HPLC) $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ -78 (c 1.1, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: resolution Absolute configuration: (2*S*,2'*R*)

Victor P. Krasnov,* Galina L. Levit, Iraida M. Bukrina, Irina N. Andreeva, Liliya Sh. Sadretdinova, Marina A. Korolyova, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valery N. Charushin and Oleg N. Chupakhin

CH3

C₉H₁₁NO (-)-(*R*)-2,3-Dihydro-3-methyl-4*H*-1,4-benzoxazine Source of chirality: resolution Absolute configuration: (*R*)

E.e. = 97.0% (by HPLC) $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ -19 (*c* 1.3, CHCl₃)

Victor P. Krasnov,* Galina L. Levit, Iraida M. Bukrina, Irina N. Andreeva, Liliya Sh. Sadretdinova, Marina A. Korolyova, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valery N. Charushin and Oleg N. Chupakhin

E.e. = 96.7% (by HPLC) $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +84 (*c* 1.3, benzene) Source of chirality: resolution Absolute configuration: (*R*)

 $\label{eq:c10} \begin{array}{l} C_{10}H_{13}N \\ (+)\mbox{-}(R)\mbox{-}2\mbox{-}Methyl\mbox{-}1,2,3,4\mbox{-}tetrahydroquinoline \end{array}$

ĆΗα

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 1985









(R)- α -Methylbenzylammonium bis[(S)-1,1'-bi-2-naphtholato]borate



Ee >98% $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +21.6 \ (c \ 1, \ CHCl_3)$ Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis Absolute configuration: (2*S*)

HO₂C

C₁₄H₁₇NO₄ (S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylaminohex-5-enoic acid

Pietro Allevi* and Mario Anastasia

HO₂C

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2005

 $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25} = -3.0 \ (c \ 1, \ {\rm CHCl}_3)$ Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis Absolute configuration: (2S)

NHCbz C₁₄H₁₆INO₅ Allyl (2S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-6-iodo-5-oxohexanoate

Tatyana I. Danilova, Valeria I. Rozenberg,* Elena V. Sergeeva, Zoya A. Starikova and Stefan Bräse* E.e. >99% юн $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ -481.8 (c 0.23, CHCl₃) OH Source of chirality: chiral starting material Absolute configuration: (Sp) C19H21NO2 Schiff base of (S)-4-formyl-5-hydroxy[2.2]paracyclophane and ethanolamine

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2013 Tatyana I. Danilova, Valeria I. Rozenberg,* Elena V. Sergeeva, Zoya A. Starikova and Stefan Bräse* ⁱPr E.e. >98% НÓ $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +653.5 (*c* 0.36, CH₃OH) Source of chirality: chiral starting material Absolute configuration: (Rp, R)C22H26NO2 Schiff base of (R)-4-formyl-5-hydroxy[2.2]paracyclophane and (R)-valinol



Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2013



C₂₃H₂₉NO₂ Schiff base of (S)-4-acetyl-5-hydroxy[2.2]paracyclophane and (S)-valinol

Tatyana I. Danilova, Valeria I. Rozenberg,* Elena V. Sergeeva, Zoya A. Starikova and Stefan Bräse* $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ &$







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Núria Casamitjana, Mercedes Amat, Núria Llor, Marçal Carreras, Xavier Pujol, M. Montserrat Fernández, Virgina López, Elies Molins, Carles Miravitlles and Joan Bosch* $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \end{bmatrix}_{D}^{22} = -4.6 (c \ 0.2, MeOH) \\ Source of chirality: (R)-(-)-phenylglycinol \\ Absolute configuration: 4aR,8aS \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha B_{D}^{22} = -4.6 (c \ 0.2, MeOH) \\ Source of chirality: (R)-(-)-phenylglycinol \\ Absolute configuration: 4aR,8aS \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} (4aR,8aS)-8a-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]-6,7-dimethyl-2,3,4,4a,5,8-hexahydro-1H-isoquinoline \end{bmatrix}$



 $C_5H_{10}O_3$ Methyl 2-methyl-3-hydroxypropionate

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(2'S, 2S) - (-) - 1 - [2 - (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl) pyrrolidine (N, N-Dimethylamino) - 3 - methyl] butyl - 2 - (diphenylphosphinomethyl] butyl - 2 - (d

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053

E.e. >99% by chiral GC $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +22.1 (c 1.0, MeOH) Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution Absolute configuration: 1R,2S

 $C_8H_{14}O_3$ Ethyl (1R,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentanecarboxylate

Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053 Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor* E.e. >99% by chiral HPLC $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{20}$ +50.3 (c 1.3, Et₂O) Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution Absolute configuration: 1S,2S OEt C₈H₁₄O₃ Ethyl (1S,2S)-2-hydroxycyclopentanecarboxylate

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053 Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor* E.e. >99% by chiral HPLC $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ –53.0 (*c* 1.3, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution Absolute configuration: 1R,2R C10H16O4 Ethyl (1R,2R)-2-acetoxycyclopentanecarboxylate







Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor*
 Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053

$$\downarrow$$
 \downarrow
 E.e. >99% by chiral GC

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -53.0 (c 1.3, CHCl₃)
 Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

 $G_{11}H_{18}O_4$
 Absolute configuration: 1R,2R



Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053 $\bigcup_{i=1}^{OH} \bigcup_{i=1}^{I} \bigcup_{i=1}^{OH} OMe$ E.e. >99% by chiral GC $[\alpha]_{20}^{20} + 8.1 (c 1.9, CHCl_3)$ Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution
Absolute configuration: 1*S*,2*S*Methyl (1*S*,2*S*)-2-hydroxycycloheptanecarboxylateE.e. >99% by chiral GC



Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053 Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor* OF C10H18O3

E.e. >99% by chiral GC $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +17.3 (c 0.7, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution Absolute configuration: 1S,2S

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2053 Laura M. Levy, Juan R. Dehli and Vicente Gotor* E.e. >99% by chiral HPLC $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +48.7 (c 0.9, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution OE Absolute configuration: 1R,2S C10H18O3 Ethyl (1R,2S)-2-hydroxycycloheptanecarboxylate

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2067 Nada Jaber, Fabien Carrée, Jean-Claude Fiaud and Jacqueline Collin* Ee=90% by HPLC on Chiracel® OD-H column -MeO-C₆H⊿ $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -20.1$ (*c* 0.84, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: asymmetric catalysis EtC Absolute configuration: not known $C_{16}H_{23}NO_5$

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4-Ethyl 1-methyl 3-(4-methoxy-phenylamino)-2,2-dimethylsuccinate

2053

Ethyl (1S,2S)-2-hydroxycycloheptanecarboxylate



planar chirality: S $C_{32}H_{31}FeN_2P$ (R)-N-(Dimethylaminomethylene)-1-[(S)-2-(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]phenylmethylamine







 $\label{eq:C33} C_{33}H_{33}FeN_2P$ (R)-N-(Dimethylaminoethylene)-1-[(S)-2-(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]phenylmethylamine



Xiangping Hu, Huilin Chen, Huicong Dai, Xinquan Hu and
Zhuo Zheng*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2073Kiangping Hu, Huilin Chen, Huicong Dai, Xinquan Hu and
Zhuo Zheng*E.e. >98%
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -482 (c 0.11, CHCl_3)$
Source of chirality: (R)-N-(dimethylaminomethylene)-
1-[(S)-2-(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethylamine
Absolute configuration: central chirality: <math>R,
planar chirality: S(R)-N-[(4-Morpholino)methylene]-1-[(S)-2-(diphenylphosphino)ferrocenyl]ethylamine





Xiangping Hu, Huilin Chen, Huicong Dai, Xinquan Hu and Zhuo Zheng*		Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2073
NMe ₂ PPh ₂	E.e. [α] _D ²⁵ Sour (dipl	>98% = $-161 (c \ 0.19, \text{ MeOH})$ rec of chirality: (S)-1-[(S)-2- henvlphosphino)ferrocenvl]ethylamine
	Abso plan	olute configuration: central chirality: S, ar chirality: S
$C_{27}H_{29}FeN_2P$		
$(S)-N-({\rm Dimethylaminoethylene})-1-[(S)-2-({\rm diphenylphosphino}){\rm ferrocenyl}]{\rm ethylamine}$		





(2S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-phenylbutyric acid ethyl ester

Ching-Yao Chang and Teng-Kuei Yang*

Ching-Yao Chang and Teng-Kuei Yang*

NHCBz

-,C

···NHCBz

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Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2081

E.e. >98% $[\alpha]_D = -29.5$ (*c* 1.03, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: L-homophenylalanine ethyl ester Absolute configuration: 1*S*

 $C_{19}H_{22}N_2O_4 \label{eq:c19}$ (1S)-(1-Methoxycarbamoyl-3-phenyl propyl)carbamic acid benzyl ester

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2081

E.e. >98% $[\alpha]_{D} = -120.7$ (*c* 1.03, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: L-homophenylalanine ethyl ester Absolute configuration: 3*S*



Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2081

E.e. >98%

 $[\alpha]_D = -447.0$ (c 1.02, CH₃OH) Source of chirality: L-homophenylalanine ethyl ester Absolute configuration: 3S

C₁₀H₁₂N₂O (3S)-3-Amino-1,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[b]azepin-2-one

Ching-Yao Chang and Teng-Kuei Yang*

Sadagopan Raghavan,* A. Rajender and J. S. Yadav

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2093

De >95% $[\alpha]_D^{24} = 118.9 \ (c \ 0.75, \ CHCl_3)$ Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis Absolute configuration: $(R_s, 2R)$



OBn







 $\label{eq:2-benzyloxy-(1R)-ethyl]-2,2-dimethyl-5-(S_S)-(4-methylphenylsulfinylmethyl)-(4S,5R)-1,3-dioxolane(2S,2$





















 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +50.0$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: (S)-malic acid Absolute configuration: (4S,5R)

 $\label{eq:C16} C_{16}H_{25}NO_2$ (4*S*,5*R*)-4-Benzyloxy-5-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-pyrrolidinone

BnC

BnO

Boc

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2101

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -34.8$ (*c* 0.9, CHCl₃) Source of chirality: (*S*)-malic acid Absolute configuration: (4*S*,5*R*)

 $\rm C_{23}H_{33}NO_4 \label{eq:C23} (4S,5R)-4-Benzyloxy-1-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)-5-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-pyrrolidinone$

Bi-Yan He, Tian-Jun Wu, Xian-Yong Yu and Pei-Qiang Huang*



Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 14 (2003) 2101



 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -48.4$ (*c* 1.1, MeOH) Source of chirality: (*S*)-malic acid Absolute configuration: (4*S*,5*R*)





 $C_{29}H_{24}NPFe$ [(S)- α -(Diphenylphosphino)-(methylene-phenyl-amino)]ferrocene









 $Tricarbonyl [(S) - \alpha - (diphenyl phosphino) - (methylene - phenyl - amino) cyclopentadienyl] manganese and a standard methylene - phenyl - amino) - (methylene - phenyl - amino) - (meth$





